NAHB

Construction Codes and Standards Department

Review of the

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Updates for the 2012 I-Codes

(BAK = Included in the 2009 I -Codes Adoption Builders Action Kit)

Balconies

 Allows for balconies not serving the means of egress to be less that 36 inches in the direction of travel. (RB50- 07/08)

<u>Concrete Foundation Walls</u>

 The concrete basement and foundation wall provisions are extensively revised and updated to match the new PCA prescriptive standard PCA 100. The design requirements for insulated concrete forms are revised to include flat concrete walls. Prescriptive Design now required for Seismic Design. Generally good for builders, although seismic design will be a bit more complicated

<u>Construction Documents</u>

 Requires identification of braced wall lines, panels, bracing methods, attachment to framing, and braced wall panel support and connection details be provided as part of the construion

• Site Drainage

 Restored the 2000 IRC language governing drainage on tight lots, deleting language that required a 5% side slope and a 2% drain or swale slope when a normal 6 inch in 10 foot side slope could not be obtained. The requirement had the potential to lead to steep, difficult -to-maintain slopes or, in areas of flat terrain, a need to truck in large fill quantities at substantial expense to builders and homeowners.

Dryer Duct

 Introduced a table for duct fittings and established defined criteria for dryer ducts.
 Length stayed 35 feet or as allowed by manufacturers instructions. There is a discrepancy with approved code sections and the length may only be 25 feet.

(BAK)

Dryer Duct Length back to 35 Feet in IRC, IMC and IFGC

• Dryer Rough -in

- Where space for a clothes dryer is provided, an exhaust duct system shall be installed. Where the clothes dryer is not installed at the time of occupancy, the exhaust duct shall be capped at the location of the future dryer.
- Exception: Where a listed condensing clothes dryer is installed prior to occupancy of structure.

Wind Exposure Category

 The selection of the wind exposure category was clarified to use the conditions existing when all homes in a housing development are completed (assuming the development is complete within a year) instead of the exposure that exists when each individual house is constructed.

New Wind and Seismic Maps

• Restores 110mph limit for hurricane regions

Wind & Seismic limits apply only to the structural elements

(Better for builders)

- Fasteners in Borate -Treated Lumber
 - Use of plain carbon steel fasteners with sodium borate- treated wood is approved.
 - Previously, the fasteners would have needed to be galvanized, stainless steel, bronze or copper as for the other types of pressure- treatments.
 - (Provision also added to IBC.)

Clarification added: Nuts and washers also need to be same material as the bolt.

Fire Separation Distance

 Walls, overhangs, openings and projections that are perpendicular to line used to determine fire separation are not required to meet the fire resistance ratings of Table R302.1. Also, no fire resistance rating is required between the dwelling an accessory structure on the same lot.

Separation Distance Table Expanded:

3-foot with Sprinklers 5-foot w/o Sprinklers (BAK)

- Flood -Resistant Construction
 - Adds ASCE 24 Flood- Resistant Design and Construction standard as an option in V -zones and a requirement in floodways. ASCE 24 requires a minimum 12" freeboard, and the design flood- load forces can be substantial.

Flood - Resistant Construction

- In V-zones, and in Coastal A -zones, the bottom of

- Flood -Resistant Construction --Enclosed Area Below DFE in A -Zone
 - Requires a registered design professional to certify the venting system in the foundation.
 NAHB recommends a local change that permits a knowledgeable builder to perform the ASCE 24 calculation.

- Flood -resistant Construction --Structural Fill
 - Restriction removed on placing fill below buildings in V -zones, as long as the fill is not used for structural support. This allows gravel or other structural fill materials to be placed below an elevated house for parking 3r04 0 4ars.

Mat & Raft Slabs in V-zones need to be engineered

- Foundation Anchorage _____revised
 - Foundation anchorage provisions revised and clarified to require anchor bolts for:
 - All sole plates on all exterior walls
 - Sole plates of braced wall panels on walls inside the house
 - All sill plates supporting floor joist construction
 - Additionally , the language clarifies that anchor bolts in CMU foundation walls must be installed into grouted cells.

• Foundation Anchorage

- Foundation Wall Anchorage (Lateral Support)
 - The onerous foundation wall lateral support provisions added in the 2006 IRC have been deleted, including the continuous full -depth blocking requirement, the basement slab construction requirements and the anchor bolt spacing tables that required bolts be spaced as close as 5" on center in some cases.

Garage Separation

 Builders are now permitted to use materials other than drywall to separate the garage from the remainder of the house.

• Guardrails

 Guardrails now required where the walking surface or edge of the tread is greater than 30 inches above grade. (Extending 36 inches out from the leading edge of the waking surface or edge of the tread).

(BAK)

Gypsum Board Sheathing

- New gypsum board fastener requirement: 7" spacing at both the edges and intermediate supports (when used as structural sheathing)
- Permits the use of screws in lieu of nails, at the same fastening pattern.

- Headroom @ Railing
 - Areas above the handrail do not need to maintain the minimum 6 feet 8 inches headroom clearance.

Gray and Reclaimed Water

 In a building where a nonpotable water- distribution system is installed, the nonpotable system shall be identified by color marking, metal tags or other appro5 I[(c)-1(o)-1(0J -0.014 Tw 0 urpo(s)-1(e)-1gs shall 71(be)-1(-1(o(s)-1(t)-2(e)-11.,)3(1)3(1)3(1)4t)-2101 Proposals to bring Appendices for Gray water systems into the body of the IRC were Approved

<u>Ramps</u>

 Allows general purpose ramps to slope a maximum of one (1) unit vertical in eight (8) units vertical, exception ADA designed ramps.

<u>Storm Shelters</u>

 The new ICC -500 storm shelter standard is referenced for use in constructing portions of dwellings as a hurricane- or tornado- resistant shelter.

(The standard is also referenced in the IBC.)

- Vinyl Siding & Foam Sheathing
 - New requirements added to insure proper selection of vinyl siding for wind resistance, particularly when used over foam sheathing.

- Wall Bracing -- General Summary of Changes (Good)
 - The wall bracing provisions have been completely reorganized for better flow, usability, and clarity.
 - Rules for combining intermittent and continuously sheathed walls in a dwelling, or bracing methods within a wall line, are clarified.
 - New or improved details for corner returns, tie -downs, offsets, masonry pier support, and angled walls are added.
 - New tables are provided to simplify adjustments for varying bracing conditions.

- Wall Bracing -- General Summary of Changes
 - Separate tables for wind loads and seismic loads.
 - Entire dwelling need not be fully sheathed with WSP when using continuous sheathing method.
 - Simplified narrow wall bracing option for garage doors for dwellings in low -seismic regions.
 - APA portal frame can be used anywhere in a dwelling.

- Wall Bracing -- General Summary of Changes
 - Bad Stuff:
 - Requires a continuous load path (vertical uplift straps) at braced wall panels for many houses, even in low -wind regions.
 - Increases wall bracing requirements will increase for houses in higher -wind regions and for large (3story or open plan) houses.

- Wall Bracing -- General Summary of Changes
 - Requires blocking between roof framing members at braced wall panels supporting deep truss members or roof joists (greater than 10" nominal),
 - Requires blocking between roof framing members at braced wall panels in high- wind and highseismic areas.

All wall bracing requirements reorganized for easier use

Simplified wind bracing provisions for small houses added

- Water-Resistant Barriers
 - Now requires a water -resistant barrier be provided behind stone and masonry veneer regardless of whether an air space is provided or the size of the air space.

- Wind Design Criteria
 - The new ICC -600 standard for residential construction in high- wind regions is referenced, replacing the outdated SSTD -10. (The standard has also been referenced in the IBC.)

- Window Fall Protection
 - Adds new language on window fall prevention devices.

Hail damage map deleted

IRC Energy Provisions

IBC

- Decks and Balconies
 - Deck and balcony live load requirements are combined. Live load same as adjacent inside space.

• Special Inspection -- Cold-Formed Steel

 Special inspection requirements for coldsteel are clarified and aligned with similar provisions for light -

IBC

- Special Inspections "Good" Changes
 - EOR is permitted to act as the special inspector.
 - Fabricated items with 3 rd-party QC exempt from special inspections.
 - New bracing inspection requirements for long- span trusses.

- Special Inspections "Bad" Changes
 - EOR must is submit a schedule of structural observations to the AHJ.
 - Special inspections required in high

Duct Testing

IECC

- Programmable Thermostat
 - One programmable thermostat is required.

IECC

- R-19 Batts Compressed into a 2 x 6 Cavity
 - R-19 Batts compressed into a nominal 2x6 framing cavity such that the R -value is reduced by R-1 or more shall be labeled with the compressed batt R-value in addition to the full thickness R value.

(BAK)

IECC

- <u>The Elimination of Equipment Tradeoffs</u>
 - Tradeoffs eliminated when using the prescriptive method of compliance.

(BAK)

IMC

- <u>Common Exhaust Systems for Clothes</u>
 <u>Dryers Located in Multi</u> -story Structures
 <u>Allowed.</u>
 - Sets criteria for dryer duct in multi -story buildings utilizing a common duct system.

IMC

- Locking Refrigerant Access Port Caps
 - Refrigerant circuit access ports located outdoors shall be fitted with locking- type tamper -resistant caps. Also in IRC.

IPC

- Drainage System. Dead End Runs
 - Provisions delete without substitution:
 - Now allows dead- end runs for future additions.

Mechanical Appliance Rooms

 Rooms having a volume equal to at least 12 times the total volume of a furnace, water heater or air conditioning appliance and at least 16 times the total volume of a boiler.

IFGC

- Underground Penetrations Prohibited.
 - Gas piping shall not penetrate building foundation walls at any point below grade.
 - Gas piping shall enter and exit a building at a point above grade.

IPMC

<u>Clothes Dryer Exhaust</u>

 Clothes dryer exhaust systems shall be independent of all other systems and shall be exhausted outside the structure.

(Ductless Dryers exempt)

IEBC

- Expansion of Fair Housing Type B
 <u>Units</u>
 - Deletes the Exception that Type B units are not required to be located in existing buildings.
 - Now exceeds Federal Law for existing buildings, even those constructed prior to March 13, 1989.

- <u>Residential Sprinkler- Plumbing</u>
 - Prescriptive provisions and pre- engineered table for residential sprinkler, which is a permitted alternative to the NFPA 13 D system.

- <u>Residential Sprinklers</u>
 - Mandatory requirement for all townhouses to be equipped with residential sprinklers.
 - Immediate effective date upon the adoption of the 2009 IRC.
 - Separation wall between townhouses was reduced from two (2) hours to one (1) hour

(BAK)

IRC

- <u>Residential Sprinklers</u>
 - Mandatory requirement for residential sprinklers in all one- and two- family dwellings and will be effective
 - System must comply with a NFPA 13D or with IRC Section P2904.

- Builder Action Kit Includes:

- Adoption Amendments
 - Eliminate Basement Egress Window
 - Change Fire Separation Distance Back to 3 Feet
 - Sprinklers Not Required for Hunting Cabins, etc.

- Builder Action Kit Includes:
 - Mandatory "Option"
 - Enact Law at State or Local Level Requiring

- Builder Action Kit Includes: Industry Alliances
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- Builder Action Kit Includes:
 Media Strategies
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- Builder Action Kit Includes:
 - **Economic Strategies**
 - Local Installation & Economic Impact Studies Analysis
 - Analysis of Current Fire Loss Studies
 - Analysis of Local Installation Costs

-NAHB Resources

- Staff support via 800 and email.
- CCS Technical Staff Support.
- Medial & Public Relations Staff Support.
- Legal Staff Support.
- S&L Support Materials located on NAHB.com

Builder Action Kits

Builder Action Kits for 2009 and 2012 I-Codes Adoption available on line at:



Is available for assistance with any code issues.

NAHB 1-800- 368- 5242

Ext - 8303